# Ash

## 1. Application

This method covers the determination of ash from soil, tissue and waste samples.

### 2. Summary of Methods

Ash is determined by use of a muffle furnace set at  $550^{\circ}$  C  $\pm$  50° C for 3 hours.

### 3. Safety

All chemical compounds should be considered a potential health hazard. The laboratory is responsible for maintaining a current awareness file of OSHA regulations regarding the safe handling of the chemicals specified in this method. A reference file of material handling data sheets should be made available to all personnel involved in the chemical analysis.

### 4. Interferences

None

## 5. Sample Collection, Preservation and Handling

Samples are dried at 55° C

#### 6. Apparatus and Materials

- 6.1 Muffle furnace
- 6.2 High temperature crucibles
- 6.3 Balance capable of reading to 0.001 g

#### 7. Reagents

None

### 8. Methods

- 8.1 Record weight of high temperature crucible to 0.001 g
- 8.2 Weigh out 1 5 grams of soil, tissue, or waste into crucible and record weight of sample and crucible.
- 8.3 Place in muffle furnace set at 550 C  $\pm$  50°C. Sample must remain at 550°C  $\pm$  50°C for 3 hours.

8.4 Remove samples from muffle furnace, cool and re-weigh to 0.001 g.

#### 9. Calculations

Before ashing record:

crucible weight + (crucible weight + sample weight) = sample weight After ashing record:

crucible weight + sample weight

%  $ash = \frac{ample weight ash - crucible weight}{ashple weight dry - crucible weight} \times 100$ 

#### **10. Quality Control**

10.1 Standard laboratory soil # 4

#### 11. Reporting

11.1 Samples are reported in  $\% \pm 0.1$ 

#### 12. Reference

Standard Methods (for the examination of water and wastewater). 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1980 Pg. 97 (209G). Volatile and Fixed Matter in Nonfilterable Residue and in Solid and Semisolid Samples.